

# **Symbility Solutions Inc.**

## **Management's Discussion and Analysis**

### **November 27, 2018**

The following Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") of Symbility Solutions Inc. (the "Corporation") should be read in conjunction with the interim condensed consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes, which are prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34, "Interim Financial Reporting" ("IAS 34") for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018, the 2017 Annual MD&A and the Corporation's audited consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes as of December 31, 2017 and 2016 ("Audited Financial Statements"), all available on SEDAR. Any reference to the Corporation specifically relates to the company as separate from its operating segments. All operating results refer to the consolidated financials of the parent company and its subsidiaries unless specifically noted otherwise. Additional information about the Corporation is available on SEDAR at [www.sedar.com](http://www.sedar.com).

All amounts are expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars unless otherwise noted.

This document is intended to assist the reader in better understanding operations and key financial results as of the date of this report. The interim condensed consolidated financial statements and this MD&A have been reviewed by the Corporation's Audit Committee and approved by its Board of Directors.

As at September 30, 2018, CoreLogic, Inc. and its affiliates (collectively "CoreLogic") own 67,739,821 common shares representing approximately 28% of the outstanding shares of the Corporation. Marshall & Swift/Boeckh ("MSB") is a wholly owned subsidiary of CoreLogic, and a related party as a result of a common significant shareholder. On October 22, 2018, CoreLogic and the Corporation entered into a definitive agreement whereby CoreLogic would acquire the remainder of the outstanding shares. See Note 12 of the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements dated September 30, 2018.

#### **Forward-looking Statements**

This MD&A contains certain information that may constitute forward-looking information within the meaning of securities laws. In some cases, forward-looking information can be identified by the use of terms such as "may", "will", "should", "expect", "plan", "anticipate", "believe", "intend", "estimate", "predict", "potential", "continue" or other similar expressions concerning matters that are not historical facts. Forward-looking information may relate to management's future outlook and anticipated events or results, and may include statements or information regarding the future financial position, business strategy and strategic goals, research and development activities, projected costs and capital expenditures, financial results, the ability to raise capital, taxes and plans and objectives of or involving the Corporation.

Without limitation, information regarding the Corporation's future cost structure, future sales and marketing activities, increased penetration into certain markets through strategic partnerships, the impact of the introduction of new products, the ability of management to leverage sales opportunities, increase in the size of certain markets, expected increases in revenue, expected revenue from certain contracts, customer rollout plans for specific products, expected increase in gross margins, Symbility Health software product placement targets and Symbility Property product placement targets are forward-looking information.

Forward looking-information is subject to certain factors, including risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results, events or developments to be materially different from what we currently expect. These risks include, among others, product development risk, potential product liability, risks related to third party contractual performance, customer demand, competition and the risks posed by potential technological advances, risks relating to the protection of the Corporation's intellectual property, risks relating to fluctuation in foreign currency exchange rates, and exposure to increased credit and liquidity risk. You should not place undue importance on forward-looking information and should not rely upon this information as of any other date. While the Corporation may elect to, the Corporation does not undertake to update this information at any particular time unless required by law. Unless otherwise indicated, this MD&A was prepared by management from information available up to November 27, 2018.

### **Non-IFRS Measures**

In addition to disclosing results in accordance with IFRS as issued by the IASB, the Corporation also provides supplementary non-IFRS measures as a method of evaluating the Corporation's performance.

Management uses Adjusted EBITDA as a measure of enterprise-wide performance. Adjusted EBITDA is defined as earnings before interest income, taxes, depreciation and amortization, impairment losses, stock-based compensation, and other non-recurring gains or losses including transaction costs related to potential acquisitions. Management believes Adjusted EBITDA is a useful measure that facilitates period-to-period operating comparisons. Adjusted EBITDA does not have any standardized meaning prescribed by IFRS and is not necessarily comparable to similar measures presented by other companies. Adjusted EBITDA should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for net income (loss) prepared in accordance with IFRS as issued by the IASB.

### **Overall Performance**

This financial information has been prepared in accordance with IAS 34. For further information and significant accounting policies, please see Notes 2 and 3 of the Audited Financial Statements. As at September 30, 2018, the Corporation had discontinued operations, the Symbility Health segment. The results of the Symbility Health segment for the three months and nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017 have been excluded from continuing operations.

<b><i>Selected Financial Information Continuing Operations</i></b>	Three months ended September 30th,		Nine months ended September 30th,	
	<b>2018</b>	2017	<b>2018</b>	2017
Revenue	<b>\$9,924</b>	\$9,808	<b>\$27,438</b>	\$25,751
Cost of Sales	<b>\$2,538</b>	\$2,664	<b>\$6,979</b>	\$7,401
Expenses	<b>\$6,632</b>	\$6,587	<b>\$20,229</b>	\$19,803
Net Income (loss)	<b>\$861</b>	\$562	<b>\$390</b>	(\$1,461)
Adjusted EBITDA	<b>\$1,377</b>	\$1,566	<b>\$2,423</b>	\$1,567
Income (loss) per share <sup>(1)</sup>	<b>\$0.00</b>	\$0.00	<b>\$0.00</b>	(\$0.01)
<b><i>Other Selected Financial Information</i></b>				
Net Income (Loss)	<b>\$917</b>	\$580	<b>\$15,579</b>	(\$1,453)
Income (Loss) per share <sup>(1)</sup>	<b>\$0.00</b>	\$0.00	<b>\$0.06</b>	(\$0.01)

<sup>(1)</sup> in Canadian dollars, rounded to the nearest cent

<i>As at September 30<sup>th</sup>, 2018 and December 31<sup>st</sup>, 2017</i>	<b>2018</b>	2017
Cash and cash equivalents	<b>\$23,132</b>	\$8,238
Total assets	<b>\$53,722</b>	\$37,971
Total long term liabilities	<b>\$92</b>	\$389

In the three months ended September 30, 2018, consolidated revenue increased by 1% due to the demand for professional services in Symbility Strategic Services which offset decreases in Symbility Property revenue. Cost of sales decreased by 5% due to reduced costs associated with a mix of Symbility Property revenue and increased for Symbility Strategic Services associated with the increased revenue. Symbility Strategic Services cost of sales benefited from improved utilization and average billing rates, resulting in improved gross margin. Operating expenses (including non-cash expenses) increased by 1%, a non-material increase. Adjusted EBITDA was \$1,377 compared to \$1,566 for the comparative quarter. The net income from continuing operations for the three months ended September 30, 2018 is \$861 compared to net income of \$562 in 2017. The Corporation had 182 employees as at September 30, 2018 (September 30, 2017 – 179).

In the nine months ended September 30, 2018, consolidated revenue increased by 7% due to the incremental revenue from Symbility Strategic Services which offset the decrease in Symbility Property revenue. Cost of sales decreased by 6% due to the decline in costs associated with a mix of Symbility Property revenue and increased for Symbility Strategic Services associated with increased revenue. Symbility Strategic Services benefited from improved utilization and average billing rates, resulting in improved gross margin. Operating expenses (including non-cash expenses) increased by 2% in order to support the growth of the existing businesses. Adjusted EBITDA was \$2,422 compared to \$1,567 in 2017. The net income from continuing operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 is \$390 compared to net loss of (\$1,461).

Net Income (Loss) for the three months and nine months ended September 30, 2018 were \$917 and \$15,579, respectively (September 30, 2017 – \$580 and (\$1,453)). The increase in Net Income included the Gain on sale of the Symbility Health segment of \$15,226 in the nine months ended September 30, 2018.

### **Adjusted EBITDA**

The reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA to IFRS net income (loss) is presented in the following table:

	Three months ended September 30 <sup>th</sup> ,		Nine months ended September 30 <sup>th</sup> ,	
	<b>2018</b>	2017	<b>2018</b>	2017
IFRS Net Income (Loss)	<b>\$917</b>	\$580	<b>\$15,579</b>	(\$1,453)
Discontinued Operations	<b>(\$56)</b>	(\$18)	<b>(\$15,189)</b>	(\$8)
Finance income, net	<b>(78)</b>	(3)	<b>(142)</b>	(12)
Depreciation and amortization	<b>426</b>	451	<b>1,321</b>	1,547
Stock-based compensation	<b>53</b>	172	<b>379</b>	559
Transaction related expenses	<b>144</b>	386	<b>493</b>	914
Income tax expense	<b>(29)</b>	(2)	<b>(18)</b>	20
Adjusted EBITDA (Continuing Operations)	<b>\$1,377</b>	\$1,566	<b>\$2,422</b>	\$1,567

The Corporation believes Adjusted EBITDA is a useful measure as a proxy for operating cash flow and facilitates period-to-period operating comparisons. We believe Adjusted EBITDA is useful to an investor in evaluating our operating performance because:

- it is widely used by investors in our industry to measure a company's operating performance without regard to items such as depreciation and amortization which can vary substantially from company to company depending upon accounting methods and book value of assets, financing methods, capital structure and the method by which assets were acquired;
- It helps investors more meaningfully evaluate and compare the results of our operations from period-to-period by removing the impact of our asset base (primarily depreciation and amortization) and actions that do not affect liquidity (stock-based compensation expenses) from our operating results; and
- It helps investors identify items that are within our operational control within the period. Depreciation and amortization charges, while a component of operating income are determined at the time of the asset purchase in accordance with the depreciable lives of the related asset and as such are not a directly controllable period operating charge.

The Corporation uses Adjusted EBITDA in calculating incentive compensation for its officers and employees to measure achievement.

The Corporation ended the nine months ended September 30, 2018 with cash and cash equivalents of \$23,132 (December 31, 2017 - \$8,238). Cash generated by operating activities (excluding changes in working capital) was \$2,037. Cash used by non-cash working capital changes (excluding the effect of exchange rate changes on cash equivalents) was (\$806). Changes in non-cash working capital were an increase in deferred revenue of \$573, offset by a decrease in accounts payable of (\$245) and accrued liabilities of (\$904). Accounts receivable increased by (\$71) offset by a decrease in prepaid expenses of \$155. Cash generated by investing activities included net proceeds from sale of Symbility Health segment of \$13,271. Cash generated by financing activities included proceeds from exercise of warrants and options of \$576. Overall, cash increased by \$14,894 for the nine months ended September 30, 2018.

### **Overall Outlook and Subsequent Event**

On October 22, 2018, the Corporation announced the execution of an arrangement agreement (the "Agreement") pursuant to which CoreLogic has agreed to acquire the Corporation. As at September 30, 2018, CoreLogic is a related party and owns approximately 28% of the outstanding shares of the Corporation.

Under the terms of the Agreement, CoreLogic has agreed to acquire the Corporation's outstanding common shares not owned by CoreLogic or its affiliates (the "Shareholders"), for \$0.615 in cash for each common share. In addition, all holders of outstanding stock options of the Corporation will be entitled to receive the "in-the-money" value of such stocks, less applicable withholdings (the "Optionholders" together with the Shareholders, the "Securityholders") (the "Transaction").

The Transaction will be carried out by way of a statutory plan of arrangement under the laws of Alberta and will require the approval of not less than (i) 66 2/3% of the votes cast by the Shareholders at a special meeting on December 13, 2018, (ii) 66 2/3% of the votes cast by the Securityholders, voting together as a class, at the meeting, and (iii) a majority of the votes cast by the Shareholders other than CoreLogic and any other votes that are required to be excluded in determining such approval in accordance with applicable securities laws. Closing

of the Transaction is also subject to certain other closing conditions, including court approval and certain third party consents. CoreLogic and the Corporation anticipate that the Transaction will be completed in the fourth quarter of 2018. The Agreement is subject to customary non-solicitation provisions, including the Corporation's right to consider and accept unsolicited superior proposals that may be submitted by third parties. In the event of a superior proposal, CoreLogic will have a five business day right to match the superior proposal. In the event that the Corporation proceeds with the superior proposal, it must pay a termination fee of \$6 million to CoreLogic.

### **Operating segments**

The Corporation has two operating segments, which offer different products and services:

- Symbility Property™ (property and casualty software) provides powerful, accurate and easy-to-use claims processing and estimating software for Property and Casualty Insurers.
- Symbility Strategic Services (mobile and application software) designs and develops leading solutions in the area of mobile applications, the Internet of Things, Machine-to-machine and wearables to different industries.

Corporate expenses have been excluded from the operating segments to provide comparability between the segments. Corporate expenses include general and administrative expenses related to the overall company, including the Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, board expenses, investor relations, public company costs, transaction expenses and related expenses.

Symbility Health™ (group insurance software) was previously an operating segment, but was classified as discontinued operations as of March 31, 2018. All comparative income statement amounts exclude Symbility Health.

The Corporation's operating segments, reported the following business developments in 2018:

### **Discussion of Operations**

The following discussion includes an explanation of the primary factors in changes in operations in the three months ended September 30, 2018 ("Q3 2018") and nine months ended September 30, 2018 ("YTD 2018") over the comparable periods ("Q3 2017" and "YTD 2017"). Additional, less significant changes are not articulated.

### ***Revenue***

	Three months ended September 30th,		Nine months ended September 30th,	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Symbility Property	<b>\$6,139</b>	\$6,973	<b>\$18,084</b>	\$19,015
Symbility Strategic Services	<b>\$3,785</b>	\$2,835	<b>\$9,354</b>	\$6,736
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$9,924</b>	\$9,808	<b>\$27,438</b>	\$25,751

In Q3 2018, Symbility Property's revenue declined by 12% due to lower claim volume in 2018. Symbility Strategic Services' revenue growth of \$950 is from professional services to new clients. The revenue growth in Symbility Strategic Services was 34%.

In YTD 2018, Symbility Property's revenue declined by 5% due to lower foreign exchange rate and lower claim volume in 2018. Symbility Strategic Services' revenue growth of \$2,618 is from incremental contracts with new clients. The revenue growth in Symbility Strategic Services was 39%.

### **Cost of Sales**

	Three months ended September 30th,		Nine months ended September 30th,	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Symbility Property	<b>\$793</b>	\$1,303	<b>\$2,461</b>	\$3,220
Symbility Strategic Services	<b>\$1,745</b>	\$1,361	<b>\$4,518</b>	\$4,181
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$2,538</b>	\$2,664	<b>\$6,979</b>	\$7,401

In Q3 2018, Symbility Property's decrease in cost of sales relates to cost of resale products on lower volume of (\$296) and lower data center costs of (\$214). Symbility Property's cost of sales includes non-cash amortization expense of the database and technology licenses of \$220 for Q3 2018 (Q3 2017 – \$220). Symbility Strategic Services' increase in cost of sales relate to higher use of consultants \$104 and increase in personnel costs of \$303. Symbility Strategic Services cost of sales represents 46% of revenue associated with higher productivity levels and higher bill rates in Q3 2018 (Q3 2017 – 48%).

In YTD 2018, Symbility Property's decrease in cost of sales relates to cost of resale products on lower volume of (\$762). Symbility Property's cost of sales includes non-cash amortization expense of the database and technology licenses of \$660 YTD 2018 (YTD 2017 – \$660). Symbility Strategic Services changes relate to higher personnel costs of \$1,034 and offset by decrease in consulting fees of (\$634). Symbility Strategic Services cost of sales represents 48% of revenue associated with higher productivity levels and higher bill rates for YTD 2018 (YTD 2017 – 62%).

### **Sales and Marketing**

	Three months ended September 30th,		Nine months ended September 30th,	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Symbility Property	<b>\$2,424</b>	\$2,479	<b>\$7,851</b>	\$8,132
Symbility Strategic Services	<b>\$868</b>	\$529	<b>\$2,333</b>	\$1,576
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$3,292</b>	\$3,008	<b>\$10,184</b>	\$9,708

In Q3 2018, Symbility Property had changes in Sales and Marketing expenses consisting of lower contractors' fees of (\$179) and offset by higher personnel compensation of \$56 and travel of \$75. Symbility Strategic Services had changes in Sales and Marketing expenses consisting of personnel of \$245, travel of \$42 and contractors \$64, and offset by other small changes. Also included in the Sales and Marketing expenses is non-cash stock based

compensation expense of \$28 (Q3 2017 - \$72) and non-cash based amortization of customer relationships of \$128 (Q3 2017 - \$123).

In YTD 2018, Symbility Property had changes in Sales and Marketing expenses consisting of lower contractors' fees of (\$306), non-cash based amortization of customer relationships of (\$185), and offset by increases in personnel compensation of \$161 and travel \$79. Symbility Strategic Services had changes in Sales and Marketing expenses related to personnel compensation of \$589, contractors of \$96, travel of \$72, and offset by other small changes. Also included in the Sales and Marketing expenses is non-cash stock based compensation expense of \$163 (YTD 2017 - \$236) and non-cash based amortization of customer relationships of \$392 (YTD 2017 - \$535).

### **General and Administration**

	Three months ended September 30th,		Nine months ended September 30th,	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Symbility Property	\$1,161	\$1,014	\$3,396	\$3,437
Symbility Strategic Services	454	310	1,399	964
Corporate	561	978	1,955	2,143
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$2,176</b>	<b>\$2,302</b>	<b>\$6,750</b>	<b>\$6,544</b>

In Q3 2018, Symbility Property had changes in General and Administration expenses related to personnel compensation of \$82, professional fees of \$76 and facility expenses of \$22 but offset by lower computer expenses of (\$19). Symbility Strategic Services had changes in General and Administration expenses related to personnel compensation of \$34, professional fees of \$21, computer expenses of \$56 and facility expenses of \$33. Corporate had General and Administration expenses related to decrease in personnel compensation of (\$71), public company expense and professional fees of (\$202), marketing expenses of (\$112) and non-cash stock based compensation of (\$38).

In YTD 2018, Symbility Property had changes in General and Administration expenses related to decrease in professional fees of (\$68), computer expenses of (\$44) and travel expenses of (\$23) but was offset by personnel compensation of \$71 and facility expenses of \$29. Symbility Strategic Services had changes in General and Administration expenses related to facilities expenses of \$235, computer expenses of \$141 and personnel compensation of \$79 but was offset by lower professional fees of (\$26). Corporate had changes in General and Administration expenses related to personnel compensation related to decrease in public company expense and professional fees of (\$190), marketing expenses of (\$125) and non-cash stock based compensation of (\$33) but was offset by personnel compensation of \$142.

### **Research and Development**

	Three months ended September 30th,		Nine months ended September 30th,	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Symbility Property	\$765	\$752	\$2,488	\$2,263
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$765</b>	<b>\$752</b>	<b>\$2,488</b>	<b>\$2,263</b>

In Q3 2018, Symbility Property had no material change in Research and Development expenses.

In YTD 2018, Symbility Property had changes in Research and Development expenses related to consulting fees of \$220, personnel compensation of \$17 and computer expenses of \$22, was offset by non-cash stock based compensation of (\$12).

***Depreciation, Amortization and Foreign Exchange Expenses***

	Three months ended September 30th,		Nine months ended September 30th,	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Depreciation and amortization	\$78	\$108	\$269	\$352
Foreign exchange (gain) loss, net	177	31	45	22
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$255</b>	<b>\$139</b>	<b>\$314</b>	<b>\$374</b>

Depreciation and amortization of assets and intangible assets (excluding intangible assets acquired in acquisitions, which is included in Cost of Sales and Sales and Marketing expenses) decreased due to the increased age of assets and timing of the asset refresh program. The Corporation recorded a loss (gain) of \$177 and \$45, respectively (September 30, 2017 – \$31 and \$22), related to foreign exchange.

In addition to the depreciation and amortization expenses above, the amortization expense of database and technology licenses for the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2018 were \$220 and \$660, respectively (September 30, 2017 - \$220 and \$660) are included in the cost of sales, and amortization expenses of customer relationships and backlog for the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2018 were \$128 and \$392, respectively (September 30, 2017 - \$123 and \$535) are included in the sales and marketing expenses.

***Transaction Expenses***

	Three months ended September 30th,		Nine months ended September 30th,	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$144</b>	<b>\$386</b>	<b>\$493</b>	<b>\$914</b>

Transaction expenses include incremental professional expenses, advisors and corporate costs related to potential transactions and the completion of the divestiture of the Symbility Health segment. Transaction expenses are included in the Corporate segment.

***Finance income, net***

	Three months ended September 30th,		Nine months ended September 30th,	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
<b>Total</b>	<b>(\$78)</b>	<b>(\$3)</b>	<b>(\$142)</b>	<b>(\$12)</b>

The change is related to the Finance income earned from its cash and cash equivalents balances.

## Summary of Quarterly Results

The following table shows selected financial information for each of the eight most recently completed quarters reported below in thousands of dollars, except per share amounts.

	<u>Fiscal 2018</u>			<u>Fiscal 2017</u>			<u>Fiscal 2016</u>	
	Sep 30, 2018	Jun 30, 2018	Mar 31, 2018	Dec 31, 2017	Sep 30, 2017	Jun 30, 2017	Mar 31, 2017	Dec 31, 2016
<b>Consolidated Revenue</b> <sup>(1)</sup>	\$9,924	\$8,962	\$8,552	\$9,860	\$9,808	\$8,205	\$7,738	\$7,414
<b>Adjusted EBITDA</b> <sup>(1)</sup>	\$1,377	\$224	\$829	\$2,236	\$1,566	\$371	(\$369)	\$249
<b>Net Income (Loss)</b> <sup>(1)</sup>	\$861	(\$571)	\$100	\$1,540	\$562	(\$893)	(\$1,130)	(\$413)
<b>Net Income (Loss)</b> <sup>(2)</sup>	\$917	\$14,487	\$175	\$1,357	\$580	(\$899)	(\$1,134)	(\$597)
<b>Net Income (Loss) per share</b> <sup>(3)</sup>	\$0.00	\$0.06	\$0.00	\$0.01	\$0.00	(\$0.00)	(\$0.00)	(\$0.00)

<sup>(1)</sup> Continuing Operations

<sup>(2)</sup> Continuing Operations and Discontinued Operations

<sup>(3)</sup> Basic and fully diluted per share, rounded to the nearest cent in each quarter

Over the past eight quarters, revenue has changed for the following reasons:

- Symbility Property revenue increased from new customers and “upsell” of new functionality and volumes to existing customers. Client acquisition tends to occur earlier in the calendar year, followed by a rollout within the client. Revenue is often delayed or less significant until full deployment of the software.
- Symbility Strategic Services continues to grow through client acquisition. Clients typically go through a growth stage as new projects start up and new work is identified. Historically the third and fourth quarters show more growth than the first two quarters of each year.

Historically, Symbility Property revenue was based in part on claims volumes and typically has higher claims in the second and third quarter based on seasonal weather effects. As the result of the growth in breadth and depth of our customer base and the evolution of the pricing model to annual licenses, this seasonality is expected to be reduced from historical levels. Symbility Strategic Services has limited seasonality associated with the number of billable days in a quarter and timing of new contracts.

Adjusted EBITDA is impacted by the seasonality of claim volume which impacts revenue, the cost base of the segment, and the timing of activities such as marketing events generally determined by the industry.

## Discontinued operations

Effective May 7, 2018, the Corporation had completed a definitive agreement to sell its Symbility Health segment. The results of the Symbility Health segment were reported in discontinued operations as January 1, 2018. The

following table shows selected financial information for discontinued operations for each of the eight most recently completed quarters reported below in thousands of dollars, except per share amounts.

<b>Discontinued Operations</b>	<b>Fiscal 2018</b>				<b>Fiscal 2017</b>			<b>Fiscal 2016</b>
	<b>Sep 30, 2018</b>	<b>Jun 30, 2018</b>	<b>Mar 31, 2018</b>	<b>Dec 31, 2017</b>	<b>Sep 30, 2017</b>	<b>Jun 30, 2017</b>	<b>Mar 31, 2017</b>	<b>Dec 31, 2016</b>
<b>Revenue</b>	\$nil	\$580	\$1,432	\$1,489	\$1,466	\$1,591	\$1,597	\$1,612
<b>Adjusted EBITDA</b>	\$56	(\$211)	\$96	(\$161)	\$42	\$18	\$6	(\$184)
<b>Net Income (Loss)</b>	\$56	\$15,068	\$75	(\$183)	\$18	(\$6)	(\$4)	(\$184)
<b>Net Income (Loss) per share <sup>(1)</sup></b>	\$0.00	\$0.06	\$0.00	(\$0.00)	\$0.00	(\$0.00)	(\$0.00)	(\$0.00)

<sup>(1)</sup> Basic and fully diluted per share, rounded to the nearest cent in each quarter

### **Liquidity and Capital Resources**

The Corporation has working capital of \$23,955 at September 30, 2018 as compared to \$9,962 of working capital at December 31, 2017.

The Corporation's current assets consist of cash and cash equivalents of \$23,132, accounts receivable of \$6,324, prepaid expenses of \$1,473, and tax credits receivable of \$768. Current liabilities consist of accounts payable of \$1,252, accrued liabilities of \$3,072, provisions of \$784 and deferred revenue of \$2,634.

The Corporation believes it is sufficiently capitalized with a working capital of \$23,955 at September 30, 2018.

### **Capital Resources**

Management has decided that it is essential to invest in additional computer equipment and software to support the growth of the Corporation. Subsequent to September 30, 2018, the Corporation has entered into commitments for capital expenditures under this plan of approximately \$100.

### **Off Balance Sheet Arrangements**

The Corporation did not enter into any off balance sheet arrangements during the period ended September 30, 2018.

### **Related Party Transactions**

For the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2018, the Corporation expensed \$300 and \$881, respectively (September 30, 2017 - \$688 and \$1,952) for services under the services agreement, the database license agreement and for products resold by the Corporation under a reseller agreement with MSB. As at September 30, 2018, the Corporation owed \$200 (December 31, 2017 - \$180) to MSB.

For the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2018, the Corporation earned \$338 and \$1,062, respectively (September 30, 2017 - \$250 and \$699) for software and services provided to CoreLogic. As at September 30, 2018, the Corporation had receivables of \$15 (December 31, 2017 - \$14) due from CoreLogic for software provided.

In addition to the above related party transactions, see the Outlook and Subsequent Event section.

## **New Standards, interpretations and amendments adopted by the Corporation**

The following accounting standards applied or adopted during the nine-month period ended September 30, 2018.

### ***IFRS 5 Non-current assets held for sale and discontinued operations ("IFRS 5")***

The Corporation classifies non-current assets and disposal groups as held for sale if their carrying amounts will be recovered principally through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use. Non-current assets and disposal groups classified as held for sale are measured at the lower of their carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell. Costs to sell are the incremental costs directly attributable to the disposal of an asset (disposal group), excluding finance costs and income tax expense.

The criteria for held for sale classification is regarded as met only when the sale is highly probable and the asset or disposal group is available for immediate sale in its present condition. Actions required to complete the sale should indicate that it is unlikely that significant changes to the sale will be made or that the decision to sale will be withdrawn. Management must be committed to the plan to sell the asset and the sale expected to be completed within one year from the date of the classification.

Property, plant and equipment and intangible assets are not depreciated or amortized once classified as held for sale.

Assets and liabilities classified as held for sale are presented separately as current items in the statement of financial position.

A disposal group qualifies as discontinued operation if it is a component of an entity that either has been disposed of, or is classified as held for sale, and: (a) represents a separate major line of business or geographical area of operations (b) is part of a single co-ordinated plan to dispose of a separate major line of business or geographical area of operations or (c) is a subsidiary acquired exclusively with a view to resale.

Discontinued operations are excluded from the results of continuing operations and are presented as a single amount as profit or loss after tax from discontinued operations in the statement of profit or loss. Additional disclosures are provided in note 3 to the Financial Statements.

### ***Amendments to IFRS 2 Share-based Payment ("IFRS 2")***

In 2016, the IASB issued the final amendments to IFRS 2 in relation to the classification and measurement of share-based payment transactions. The amendments are intended to eliminate diversity in practice in three main areas: the effects of vesting conditions on the measurement of cash-settled share-based payments; the classification of a share-based payment transaction with net settlement features for withholding tax obligations; and the accounting where a modification to the terms and conditions of a share-based payment transaction changes its classification from cash-settled to equity-settled. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018, with earlier adoption permitted. The amendments are to be applied prospectively. However, retrospective application is permitted if elected for all three amendments and other criteria are met. The adoption of this amendment had no material impact on the Corporation's unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

## ***IFRS 9 Financial Instruments: Classification and Measurement ("IFRS 9")***

IFRS 9 sets out requirements for recognizing and measuring financial assets, financial liabilities and some contracts to buy or sell non-financial items. This standard replaces IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement. There was no material impact to the Corporation's financial statements as a result of transitioning to IFRS 9.

The details of the new significant accounting policies and the nature and effect of the changes to previous accounting policies are set out below.

### **(i) Classification and measurement of financial assets and liabilities**

IFRS 9 largely retains the existing requirements in IAS 39 for the classification and measurement of financial liabilities. However, it eliminates the previous IAS 39 categories for financial assets of held to maturity, loans and receivables and available for sale.

The adoption of IFRS 9 has not had a significant effect on the Corporation's accounting policies related to financial liabilities and derivative financial instruments. The impact of IFRS 9 on the classification and measurement of financial assets is set out below. A financial asset is classified as the following measurement categories: amortized cost; fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI") or fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL"). The classification of financial assets is generally based on the business model in which a financial asset is managed and its contractual cash flow characteristics. Derivatives embedded in contracts where the host is a financial asset in the scope of the standard are never separated. Instead, the hybrid financial instrument as a whole is assessed for classification. The Corporation's financial assets which consist primarily of cash and cash equivalents measured at FVTPL, and trade and other receivables are classified at amortized cost. The Corporation's financial liabilities which consist primarily of accounts payable, accrued liabilities, and provisions are classified at amortized cost.

### **(ii) Impairment of financial assets**

An expected credit loss ("ECL") model applies to financial assets measured at amortized cost, contract assets and debt investments at FVOCI, but not to investments in equity instruments. The Corporation's financial assets measured at amortized cost and subject to the ECL model consist primarily of trade receivables. The adoption of the ECL impairment model had a negligible impact on the carrying amounts of the Corporation's financial assets on the transition date given the receivables are substantially all current and the minimal historical level of customer default.

## ***IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers ("IFRS 15")***

On January 1, 2018 the Corporation adopted the new standard IFRS 15 to all contracts using the modified retrospective approach. The pattern and timing of revenue recognition under the new standard is consistent with prior practice. There have been no adjustments recognized on the adoption of IFRS 15.

The Corporation has two segments: Symbility Property, which provides Software as a Service ("SaaS") technology to the property and casualty insurance industry; and Symbility Strategic Services, which provides professional services to a broad range of industries.

The details of the new significant accounting policies in relation to the Corporation's various services are set out below. Under IFRS 15, revenue is recognized when a customer obtains control of the services. Determining the timing of the transfer of control, at a point in time or over time, requires judgment.

On standard SaaS agreements, revenues are recognized over the term of the arrangement. The proceeds are considered to relate to the right to services provided over the term of the arrangement.

On standard sale of third party services, information or reports, revenues are recognized when customers obtain control, that is when transfer of title and risks and rewards of ownership have passed and when obligation to pay is considered certain.

On fixed price professional services agreements, revenues are recognized over time typically on a percentage-of-completion basis, which consists of recognizing revenue for a performance obligation on a given contract proportionately with its percentage of completion at any given time. The percentage of completion is determined by dividing the cumulative hours incurred as at the balance sheet date by the sum of incurred and anticipated hours for completing a contract. On time and material professional services agreements, revenues are recognized as hours are performed.

The incremental costs of obtaining a contract with the customer is recognized as an asset if the company expects to recover these costs. Incremental costs are costs incurred to obtain a contract with a customer that would not have been incurred if the contract had not been obtained. The Corporation includes the incremental costs (commissions) of obtaining a contract in prepaid expense and expenses it over the term of the contract. The Corporation does not incur any other material incremental costs to obtain a contract.

The cumulative effect of changes to anticipated revenues for completing a contract are recognized in the period in which the revisions are identified. In the event that the anticipated costs exceed the anticipated revenues on a contract, such loss is recognized in its entirety in the period it becomes known.

Deferred revenue (i.e. contract liabilities) represent amounts received from customers in excess of revenue recognized on uncompleted contracts.

### ***IFRIC Interpretation 22 Foreign Currency Transactions and Advance Consideration ("IFRIC 22")***

In 2016, the IASB issued IFRIC 22, which provides requirements about which exchange rate to use when recognizing revenue in circumstances where an entity has received advance consideration in a foreign currency. IFRIC 22 is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018, with earlier adoption permitted. This Interpretation does not have any impact on the Corporation's condensed consolidated financial statements.

### **Changes in Accounting Policies Not Yet Adopted**

The following accounting pronouncements issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") were

not effective as of September 30, 2018.

### ***IFRS 16: Leases ("IFRS 16")***

In 2016, the IASB issued IFRS 16 replacing IAS 17, Leases and related interpretations. The standard introduces a single on-balance sheet recognition and measurement model for lessees, eliminating the distinction between operating and finance leases. Lessors continue to classify leases as finance and operating leases. IFRS 16 becomes effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2019, and is to be applied retrospectively. Early adoption is permitted if IFRS 15 has been adopted. The Corporation is in the process of evaluating the impact that IFRS 16 may have on the Corporation's consolidated financial statements.

### **Financial Instruments and Risk Management**

The Corporation's financial instruments consist of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable and other, loan receivables, accounts payable and accrued liabilities and finance lease obligations and their carrying value approximates fair value due to their immediate or short-term maturity.

### **Risks and Uncertainties**

The results of operations and financial condition of the Corporation are subject to a number of risks and uncertainties, and are affected by a number of factors outside of the control of Management. For a detailed discussion regarding the relevant risks and uncertainties, see the Corporation's annual MD&A and Annual Information Form for the year ended December 31, 2017. There have been no changes during the period ended September 30, 2018.

### **Foreign Currency risk**

The Corporation's activities that result in exposure to fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates consist of the sale of products and services to customers invoiced in foreign currencies and the purchase of services invoiced in foreign currencies.

The Corporation's significant accounts receivable and accounts payable by foreign currency are as follows:

<i>As at September 30<sup>th</sup>, 2018 and December 31<sup>st</sup>, 2017</i>	<b>2018</b>	2017
<b>Accounts Receivable</b>		
U.K. pound sterling	<b>24%</b>	32%
U.S. dollars	<b>14%</b>	14%
<b>Account payable and accrued liabilities</b>		
U.K. pound sterling	<b>13%</b>	12%
U.S. dollars	<b>27%</b>	20%

The Corporation's significant revenues and expenses by foreign currency are as follows:

	Three months ended September 30th,		Nine months ended September 30th,	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Revenue - U.K. pound sterling	16%	16%	17%	18%
Revenue - U.S. dollars	52%	48%	47%	46%
Expenses - U.K. pound sterling	11%	8%	11%	10%
Expenses - U.S. dollars	19%	12%	23%	19%

### **Credit risk**

As at September 30, 2018, the largest amounts due from three customer accounted for 11%, 12% and 16% of the Corporation's total accounts receivable (December 31, 2017 – one customer – 14%). Subsequent to September 30, 2018, one customer representing 16% of the Corporation's total accounts receivable has paid their full account balance.

### **Liquidity risk**

Liquidity risk arises through the excess of financial obligations over available financial assets due at any point in time. The Corporation's objective in managing liquidity risk is to maintain sufficient readily available cash reserves in order to meet its liquidity requirements at any point in time. The Corporation achieves this by maintaining sufficient cash and cash equivalents, managing cash from operations and through the raising of equity financing. As at September 30, 2018, the Corporation was holding cash and cash equivalents of \$23,132 (December 31, 2017 - \$8,238).

### **Disclosure of Outstanding Share Data**

The following table summarizes each of the equity securities outstanding as of the date hereof:

<b><u>Equity Security</u></b>	<b><u>Number Outstanding</u></b>
Common Shares	241,801,226
Stock Options	17,506,405

### **Additional Information**

Additional information concerning the Corporation is available on SEDAR at [www.sedar.com](http://www.sedar.com).